

TECHNICKÝ A SKÚŠOBNÝ ÚSTAV STAVEBNÝ, n. o. Test laboratory Studená 3, 821 04 Bratislava



Laboratory branch in: Štefánikova 24, 059 41 Tatranská Štrba, Slovak Republic, tel. +421-52-4484 471, fax: +421-52-4484 472, e-mail: kazar@tsus.sk

# **TEST REPORT No. 90-14-0239**

JOB	
No.:	90140189
Client:	SERCONS Derbenevskaya embankment 11, Office 60 115114 Moscow Russia
OBJECT OF TESTING	
Product:	Isollat-02
	- coating for principles 1 - method 1.3 of EN 1504-2
Manufacturer:	<i>"</i> Spetcialnye Tehnologii" LLC 39/35 Chapaev Str. 62304 Berezovsky town, Sverdlovsk region Russia
Standard of product:	EN 1504-2: 2004 Products and systems for the protection and repair of concrete structures. Definitions, requirements, quality control and evaluation of conformity. Part 2: Surface protection systems for concrete
PRODUCT SAMPLE Description of sample: Designation of sample by client Sampler: Place and date of delivery: Designation of sample by lab.:	one-component white coating material in a can on the volume of 3000 ml <b>Isollat-02</b> client Laboratory branch in Tatranská Štrba, on 16 <sup>th</sup> July 2014 122/14
TESTS	
Preparation and coating:	Isollat-02 was prepared and applied in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Undiluted coating was applied to clean and dry substrate by brush. Four layers were applied. Drying time of each layer was at least 6 hours. The used substrates are specified below under the relevant tests. Concrete substrates were prepared and cured according to EN 1766. The surface was sandblasted prior to treatment. Determination of dry film thickness was carried out in accordance with EN 2808, wedge cut method.
Carbon dioxide permeab Test procedure:	ility - accredited test EN 10626: 2003 Paints and varnishes. Coating materials and coating systems for exterior masonry and concrete. Part 6: Determination of carbon dioxide permeability
Description of test specimens	<ul> <li>three treated circular test specimens with a diameter of 90 mm, the coating applied on one face</li> <li>test substrate: unglazed ceramic tiles with a thickness of 6 mm</li> <li>application of coating: as described on page 1</li> <li>curing time after application: 7 days at (23±2)°C and (50±5)% relative humidity</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>conditioning prior to testing: in accordance with EN 1062-11, Clause 4.3. (The to specimens were subjected to three cycles comprising 24 h storage in water at (23± 2)°C and 24 h drying at (50± 2)°C). Afterwards the test pieces were dried desiccant to constant mass.)</li> <li>sealing compound: paraffin SASOLWAX 7837 (Manufacturer: Sasol Wax, Ham Company) mixed with refined ervetalling paraffin.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Germany) mixed with refined crystalline paraffin</li> <li>In parallel, the diffusion resistance was determined against a Parallel measurement has been established without deviation tolerance.</li> </ul>	CO2 reference film. ns from the predetermined			
Test specimens prepared by:	Milan Ševčík				
Test conditions:	- method A: Gravimetric method				
	<ul> <li>exposed area of the test specimen A</li> <li>time interval between two weighings of the test specimens</li> <li>used sodium hydroxide granulated for elemental analysis</li> </ul>	0,005 m <sup>2</sup> 24 h			
	<ul> <li>test temperature</li> <li>test concentration of carbon dioxide in chamber</li> <li>mean barometric pressure during test <b>p</b><sub>amb</sub></li> <li>the diffusion coefficient of carbon dioxide in air D<sub>CO2</sub></li> </ul>	23°C 10 % (V/V) 101,3 kPa 1,38 m²/d			
	- the difference in concentration of carbon dioxide $ \Delta c $	180 g/m <sup>3</sup>			
Deviations from the standard: Date of test:	none from 02 <sup>nd</sup> to 09 <sup>th</sup> September 2014				
	Wilan Svecik				
Permeability to water vap Test procedure:	EN ISO 7783: 2012 Paints and varnishes. Determination of w	ater-vapour transmission			
Description of test specimens	three treated circular test specimens with a diameter of 90 n	nm, the coating applied on			
	one face	,			
	- test substrate: unglazed ceramic tiles with a thickness of 6 m	ım			
	- application of coating: as described on page 1				
	- curing time after application: 7 days at (23±2)°C and (50±5)% relative humidity				
	- conditioning prior to testing: in accordance with EN ISO 7783, method B (The test specimens were subjected to three cycles comprising 24 b storage in water				
	at $(23 \pm 2)^{\circ}$ C and 24 h drving at $(50 \pm 2)^{\circ}$ C))				
	- sealing compound: paraffin SASOLWAX 7837 (Manufacturer: Sasol Wax, Hamburg,				
	Germany) mixed with refined crystalline paraffin				
Test specimens prepared by:	Milan Sevčík				
Test conditions:	- measuring: wet cup method	0.005 m <sup>2</sup>			
	- exposed area of the test specimen A	0,005 m 3 h			
	- used saturated aqueous solution - $NH_4H_2PO_4$				
	- test temperature	23°C			
	- relative humidity in climate chamber	50%			
	- vater vapour pressure difference <b>Dn</b> .	93% 1207 Pa			
	- standard barometric pressure $\mathbf{p}_0$	1013,25 hPa			
	- mean barometric pressure during test <b>p</b>	1014,8 hPa			
	- gas constant of water vapour R <sub>v</sub>	462 Nm/(kg.K)			
	- water-vapour transmission rate of the substrate	$409.6^{\circ} \text{ a/(m}^2 \text{ d})$			
Deviations from the standard:	none				
Date of test:	from 02 <sup>nd</sup> to 05 <sup>th</sup> September 2014				
Test personnel:	Milan Ševčík				
Capillary water absorptio	n and water permeability water - accredited test				
Test procedure:	EN 1062-3: 2008 Paints and varnishes - Coating materials an	d coating systems			
•	for exterior masonry and concrete. Part 3: Determination of lic	uid water permeability			
Description of test specimens:	<ul> <li>three treated test specimens with dimensions of approximately 150 mm x 150 mm, thickness 30 mm, coating applied to one face</li> </ul>				
	- ובא איאאומוב. למולומוו אוולמול אוולגא				

application of coating: as described on page 1
curing time after application: 7 days at (23±2)°C and (50±5)% relative humidity
the reverse side and the edges of the test specimens were sealed with two layers of two- component epoxy varnish, subsequently drying for further 7 days at  $(23\pm2)^{\circ}$ C and (50±5)% relative humidity

	- conditioning prior to testing: in accordance with EN 1062-3, Clause 6.4.2 (The test specimens were subjected to three cycles comprising 24 h storage in water
	at $(23 \pm 2)^{\circ}$ C and 24 h drying at $(50 \pm 2)^{\circ}$ C))
Test specimens prepared by:	Milan Ševčík
Test conditions:	laboratory environment
Deviations from the standard:	none
Date of test:	from 02 <sup>nd</sup> to 03 <sup>rd</sup> September 2014
Test personnel:	Milan Ševčík

Thermal change compati	bility – Freeze-thaw cycling without de-icing salt impact - accredited test
Test procedure:	EN 13687-3: 2002 Products and systems for the protection and repair of concrete structures. Test methods. Determination of thermal compatibility. Part 3. Thermal cycling without de-icing salt impact
Description of test specimens:	<ul> <li>two treated concrete slabs with dimensions of 300 mm x 300 mm, thickness 100 mm, the coating applied on one face</li> <li>test substrate: concrete Type MC (0,40)</li> <li>application of coating: as described on page 1</li> <li>curing time after application: 7 days at (23±2)°C and (50±5)% relative humidity</li> <li>all surfaces of the specimens except the 300 mm x 300 mm test face were sealed with thermosetting resin, subsequently drying for further 7 days at (23±2)°C and (50±5)% relative humidity</li> </ul>
Test specimens prepared by:	Milan Sevčík
Test conditions:	The test samples were subjected to 20 cycles of the freeze-thaw cycling according to EN 13687-3, Clause 7.2. One cycle took 24 h and comprised the following stages: - 2 h water storage at $(21\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 3 h cooling with air at $(-15\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 4 h storage at $(-15\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 15 min heating with water at $(21\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 16 min heating with water at $(21\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 1 h 30 min heating air at $(60\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 10 h air storage at $(60\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 15 min cooling with water at $(21\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 15 min cooling with water at $(21\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 1 h 45 min water storage at $(21\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 1 h 45 min water storage at $(21\pm2)^{\circ}$ C - 2 for the end of the exposure were evaluated: - degree of blistering, method according to EN ISO 4628-2; - degree of cracking, method according to EN ISO 4628-4; - degree of flaking, method according to EN ISO 4628-5. - 7 days after the end of the exposure was evaluated adhesion strength by pull-off test.
Deviations from the standard: Date of test:	none - exposure: from 14 <sup>th</sup> August to 02 <sup>nd</sup> September 2014 - pull-off test: 09 <sup>th</sup> September 2014
lest personnel:	IVIIIAN SEVCIK
Adhesion strength by pu	II-off test - accredited test
Test procedure:	EN 1542: 1999 Products and systems for the protection and repair of concrete structures. Test methods. Measurement of bond strength by pull-of
Description of test specimens:	one treated concrete slab with dimensions of 300 mm x 300 mm, thickness 100 mm, the coating applied on one face - test substrate: concrete Type C (0,70) - application of coating: as described on page 1 - curing time after application: 28 days at (23±2)°C and (50±5)% relative humidity
Test specimens prepared by:	Milan Sevčik
Test conditions:	laboratory environment
Deviations from the standard:	$18^{\text{th}}$ August 2014
Test personnel.	Milan Ševčík
reat personner.	Mildir Govern

# Applied instrumentation:

Name	Range	Unit	Division
Calliper	(0 - 250,00)	mm	0,01
Pull-off tester ERICHSEN 417	0 až 47,00	MPa	0,5
Balance Kern PRJ 6200-2NM	0 až 6200	g	0,01
Stopwatch	(0 - 1800)	S	0,1
Analytical balance Sartorius BP 300 S	(0 - 303,00)	g	0,0001
Digital calliper	(0 - 150,00)	mm	0,01
Coating thickness gauge PIG	0 až 2	mm	0.02
Automatic recorder of temperature and humidity	((-25) - 45)	°C	0,1
	(15 - 95)	%	1,0
Climatized chamber Vötsch VC 4034	-40 až +180	°C (	D,1
Laboratory ventilated oven STERIMAT 354.3	+20 až +250	°C	1
Aluminium cups with free test area of 0,005 m <sup>2</sup>			
Barometer	960 až 1040	hPa ′	1
Desiccator			
Test chamber CO <sub>2</sub>	+20 až +250	°C	1
Programmable climatic cabinet			
Moulds for preparing concrete plates			
Concrete mixer 125 I			
	Name         Calliper         Pull-off tester ERICHSEN 417         Balance Kern PRJ 6200-2NM         Stopwatch         Analytical balance Sartorius BP 300 S         Digital calliper         Coating thickness gauge PIG         Automatic recorder of temperature and humidity         Climatized chamber Vötsch VC 4034         Laboratory ventilated oven STERIMAT 354.3         Aluminium cups with free test area of 0,005 m²         Barometer         Desiccator         Test chamber CO2         Programmable climatic cabinet         Moulds for preparing concrete plates         Concrete mixer 125 l	NameRangeCalliper $(0 - 250,00)$ Pull-off tester ERICHSEN 417 $0 až 47,00$ Balance Kern PRJ 6200-2NM $0 až 6200$ Stopwatch $(0 - 1800)$ Analytical balance Sartorius BP 300 S $(0 - 303,00)$ Digital calliper $(0 - 150,00)$ Coating thickness gauge PIG $0 až 2$ Automatic recorder of temperature and humidity $((-25) - 45)$ Climatized chamber Vötsch VC 4034 $-40 až + 180$ Laboratory ventilated oven STERIMAT 354.3 $+20 až + 250$ Aluminium cups with free test area of $0,005 m^2$ $960 až 1040$ Desiccator $-120 až + 250$ Test chamber CO2 $+20 až + 250$ Programmable climatic cabinet $Moulds$ for preparing concrete platesConcrete mixer 125 I $1$	NameRangeUnitCalliper $(0 - 250,00)$ mmPull-off tester ERICHSEN 417 $0 a \check{z} 47,00$ MPaBalance Kern PRJ 6200-2NM $0 a \check{z} 6200$ gStopwatch $(0 - 1800)$ sAnalytical balance Sartorius BP 300 S $(0 - 303,00)$ gDigital calliper $(0 - 150,00)$ mmCoating thickness gauge PIG $0 a \check{z} 2$ mmAutomatic recorder of temperature and humidity $((-25) - 45)$ °CClimatized chamber Vötsch VC 4034 $-40 a \check{z} + 180$ °C $(0 - 120,00)$ Laboratory ventilated oven STERIMAT 354.3 $+20 a \check{z} + 250$ °C $(0 - 120,00)$ Aluminium cups with free test area of $0,005 m^2$ $960 a \check{z} 1040$ hPaBarometer $960 a \check{z} + 250$ °C $(0 - 120,00)$ Desiccator $120 a \check{z} + 250$ °CTest chamber CO2 $+20 a \check{z} + 250$ °CProgrammable climatic cabinetMoulds for preparing concrete plates $(0 - 30,00)$ Moulds for preparing concrete plates $(0 - 120,00)$ $(0 - 150,00)$ Concrete mixer 125 1 $(0 - 30,00)$ $(0 - 30,00)$

Z900050 Scarecrows electric table for compacting concrete

# TEST RESULTS

# 1) Carbon dioxide permeability -

Test specimen	Mean value of the test specimen thickness	Mass difference of two weighings at constant change of mass	Carbon dioxide permeability	Diffusion- equivalent air layer thickness	Diffusion resistance number
110.	<b>s</b> (m)	<i>d<sub>m</sub></i> (g)	<i>i</i> (g/(m <sup>2</sup> .d))	<b>s</b> <sub>d</sub> (m)	m (-)
1	0,001825	0,0219	4,32	57,26	31374
2	0,001950	0,0226	4,46	55,48	28452
3	0,001975	0,0235	4,64	53,35	27014
Average	0,001917	0,0227	4,48	55,36	28946
Extended uncertainty U			0,48	5,98	3868

# 2) Permeability to water vapour

	Mean value	Mass difference of	Rate of flow of	Water-vapour	Water-vapour	Water-vapour	
	of the test	two weighings at	water vapour	transmission rate	diffusion-	resistance factor	
Test specimen	specimen	constant change of			equivalent air		
No.	thickness	mass			layer thickness		
	d		G <sub>cs</sub>	V	Sd	т	
	( m )	(g)	( g/h )	( g/(m².d) )	( m )	(-)	
1	0,002050	0,0247	8,2333.10 <sup>-3</sup>	43,8119	0,464	226	
2	0,001775	0,0252	8,4000.10 <sup>-3</sup>	44,7958	0,454	256	
3	0,001850	0,0247	8,2333.10 <sup>-3</sup>	43,8119	0,464	251	
Average	0,001892	0,02487	8,2889.10 <sup>-3</sup>	44,1399	0,461	244	
Extended uncer	Extended uncertainty U 0,047 30,43						

# 3) Capillary water absorption and water permeability water

Test specimen No.	Thickness of coating	Width of the test area	Length of the test area	Initial weight	Weight after immersion test	Weight increase	Liquid water permeability
	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(g)	(g)	(g)	<i>₩</i> ( kg/(m <sup>2</sup> .h <sup>0,5</sup> ) )
1	2,3	140	143	1347,38	1354,61	7,23	0,074
2	1,9	139	143	1247,55	1253,84	6,29	0,063
3	2,0	138	145	1226,73	1231,89	5,16	0,053
Average	2,1	139	144	1273,89	1280,11	6,23	0,063
Extended un	certainty U						0,013

# 4) Thermal change compatibility - Freeze-thaw cycling without de-icing salt impact (20 cycles)

# 4a) Visual assessment after exposure

Test specimen No.	Degree of blistering STN EN ISO 4628-2	Degree of blisteringDegree of crackingSTN EN ISO 4628-2STN EN ISO 4628-4	
after 10 cycles of freeze	-thaw without de-icing salt imm	nersion	
1	0 (S0)	0 (S0)	0 (S0)
2	0 (S0)	0 (S0)	0 (S0)
after 20 cycles of freeze-thaw without de-icing salt immersion			
1	0 (S0)	0 (S0)	0 (S0)
2	0 (S0)	0 (S0)	0 (S0)

### 4b) Adhesion strength by pull-off test after exposure

### Test specimen No. 1

Number of measurement	Adhesion strength by pull-off (N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	Type of Failure	
1	1,0	B 100 %	
2	0,8	B 100 %	N
3	1,1	B 100 %	В
4	0,9	B 100 %	
5	1,0	B 100 %	
Average	1,0	_	
Extended uncertainty U	0,1	-	

Note: B - cohesion failure in the layers

### Test specimen No. 2

			-
Number of measurement	Adhesion strength by pull-off (N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	Type of Failure	
1	1,0	B/C 30 %, B 70 %	ы
2	1,1	B/C 10 %, B 90 %	
3	0,9	B 100 %	B
4	0,9	B/C 50 %, B 50 %	
5	1,1	B 100 %	
Average	_		
Extended uncertainty U	0,1		
Average value of adhes test after exposure of two	1,0 N/mm <sup>2</sup>		

#### Note:

- cohesion failure in the layers

B/C - adhesion failure between substrate and the first layer

### 5) Adhesion strength by pull-off test

Number of measurement	Adhesion strength by pull-off (N/mm <sup>2</sup> )	Type of Failure
1	0,9	B 100 %
2	0,9	B 100 %
3	0,7	B 100 %
4	1,0	B 100 %
5	0,8	B 100 %
Average	0,8	-
Extended uncertainty U	0,1	

10<sup>th</sup> September 2014

Ing. Erika Halčinová

Note:

B - cohesion failure in the layers



Authorized by:

Date of report:

Prepared by:

Ing. Pavel Kazár Head of Laboratory Branch

#### Notes:

- Unless the Test Laboratory makes the sampling, data on the manufacturer, its manufacturing plant and about the sampling are presented according to information provided by the client.
- Testing was carried out according to the Operational procedure No. PP-007 of the Test laboratory in compliance with the listed test procedure.
- The given extended uncertainty U is based on the standard uncertainty multiplied by the coverage factor k = 2, that in case of the normal distribution provides the reliability in the order of 95%.
- Presented results are relevant to the product sample only.
- This report shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the Test Laboratory.

- End of test report